## Storage of private key used by subscribers for creating Digital Signatures

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<th>Sl. No</th>
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<th>Advantages</th>
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</table>
| 1.     | Computer Hard Disk          | Easiest                                         | 1. Computer must be maintained in a secure fashion (access should be restricted etc.)  
2. Any backups taken must also be protected is a similar way as they will contain a copy of the private key. |
| 2.     | Floppy                      | 1. Easy to use                                  | 1. Private key can be taken out of the floppy.  
2. Floppy may get corrupted.  
3. The device does not contain any cryptographic module built into it to enable the creation of secure digital signature.  
4. In case of Floppy the private key can be overwritten. |
| 3.     | CD-R/RW                     | 1. Easy to use                                  | 1. Private key can be taken out of the CD-R/RW.  
2. CD-R/RW may get corrupted.  
3. The device does not contain any cryptographic module built into it to enable the creation of secure digital signature.  
4. In case of CD-RW the private key can be overwritten. |
| 4.     | Pen Drives/USB Drives       | 1. Easy to use                                  | 1. Private key can be taken out of the USB drive.  
2. The device does not contain any cryptographic module built into it to enable the creation of secure digital signature.  
3. In case of USB Drive the private key can be overwritten. |
| 5.     | Smart Cards                 | 1. Once generated **on the smart card the private key does not come out of the device in its original form.**  
2. The smart card has **a chip built into it, which has crypto modules** to enable the signing/ encryption/ decryption operation to happen in the card itself. | 1. Requires a smart card reader to be attached to the computer.  
2. Cost is more. |
| 6.     | USB Crypto Tokens           | 1. Once generated **on the USB Crypto token the private key does not come out of the device in its original form.**  
2. The USB crypto token **has crypto modules** to enable the signing/ encryption/decryption operation to happen in the card itself.  
3. Does not require any special reader, can be used on any machine since USB ports are available on almost all PCs | 1. Cost is more. |

The Gazette Notification 735(E) dated 24th October 2004, contains the Rules to be read in conjunction with section 16 of the IT Act 2000. It defines the Secure Electronic Record to be one that has been authenticated by means of a Secure Digital Signature. To create a Secure Digital Signature a **Smart card or hardware token with cryptographic module** has been used to create the key pair. The private key remains in the device at any point in time. The content to be signed should go from the host system to the smart card/hardware token and the signed content to be returned to the host system. As per the notification, in the above table, only No.5 and No.6 can be used to create Secure Electronic Records and Secure Digital Signatures.